Violations by Israeli occupation forces in Syrian areas occupied after the fall of Bashar al-Assad's regime on December 8, 2024 February–June 2025

Almarsad - Arab Center for Human Rights in the Golan

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Introduction

This report complements the <u>first report</u> published in January 2025 by Almarsad – the Arab Center for Human Rights in the Golan, on violations committed by Israeli occupation forces in the areas they occupied in southern Syria following the fall of the Assad regime on December 8, 2024. During the months covered by the report, between February 2025 and June 2025, the Israeli occupation army committed several violations inside and outside the buffer zone, affecting civilians and their property and causing significant damage to the environment and water sources in the area [1].

During this period, Syrians observed daily incursions into villages in the governorates of Quneitra, Daraa, and the countryside of Damascus, during which civilian homes were searched, residents were photographed, and their personal information was collected [2]. Civilians were subjected to various forms of harassment and violations of their rights to property and a decent life, following the publication of several reports of the confiscation and killing of many of their cattle and sheep, and the burning and bulldozing of agricultural land they owned [3].

The following are some of the most notable violations committed by the Israeli occupation army during this period:

- 1. The Israeli occupation army targeted seven citizens from the village of Koya in the Daraa countryside, killing them instantly [4].
- 2. The Israeli occupation army demolished more than 15 houses in the village of Al-Hamidiyah in the countryside of Quneitra [5].
- 3. The Israeli occupation army targeted water wells in the vicinity of the village of Kodna, cutting off the water supply [6].
- 4. The Israeli occupation army bulldozed a large part of the Al-Shahar forest in the vicinity of the village of Jibatha Al-Khashab [7].
- 5. The Israeli occupation army bulldozed agricultural land, dug trenches in it, and prevented farmers from accessing more than 6,000 dunams of it [8].

This report was prepared by gathering information from Syrian media covering events in the region, social media pages of activists in the region, the interactive map of the INSS at Tel Aviv University, and news pages on social media. In addition to these sources, information was gathered from media reports prepared by international and Arab media outlets on events in the region, and from Israeli reports quoted by the Israeli occupation army. [9]

Almarsad confirmed this information by communicating with journalists and activists from the buffer zone and by contacting some of the victims (e.g., communicating with a lawyer and the family of a child detained in Israel and providing them with advice). It should be noted that Almarsad faced numerous difficulties in communicating with the victims of these violations and obtaining their testimonies, as many residents of the buffer zone refused to communicate with human rights organizations or the press for fear of the repercussions of such communication.

<u>Legal analysis - Violation of the principles of international humanitarian law applicable in armed conflicts and occupation:</u>

The actions carried out by the occupying forces, including the demolition of homes, destruction of agricultural crops, killing of civilians, targeting of water sources, and the clearing of forests and environmental resources, constitute grave violations of international humanitarian law, in particular the four Geneva Conventions of 1949 and their Additional Protocol I of 1977, as well as the Hague Conventions of 1907:

- 1. Article 53 of the Fourth Geneva Convention of 1949 prohibits the destruction of private property unless military operations make it absolutely necessary.
- Article 54 of Additional Protocol I of 1977 prohibits targeting means of subsistence essential for the survival of the civilian population, such as crops and water sources.
- 3. The killing of protected civilians constitutes a war crime under Article 147 of the Fourth Geneva Convention of 1949. Article 146 of the Convention provides for the prosecution of those responsible for and involved in committing this crime.
- 4. Targeting the natural environment and destroying vegetation is a violation of Article 55 of Additional Protocol I of 1977, which obliges parties to a conflict to protect the natural environment from widespread and long-term damage.

Footnotes:

- [1] The New Arab, "Israel destroys forests in Syria's Quneitra, raising fears over economic impact"
- [2] Al-Quds Al-Arabi, "Israeli violations in Syria: attacks on civilians, schools, and journalists"
- [3] New Lines Magazine, "Israel wages war for land and water in Syria's south"
- [4] Al-Quds Al-Arabi, "Israeli massacre in Koya in the Daraa countryside: 7 martyrs and dozens wounded"
- [5] Syrian Network For Human Rights, "Condemning the Israeli Occupation Forces' Demolition of No less than 15 Civilian Homes Following Ground Incursion into Al-Hamidiyah, Quneitra Countryside"
- [6] Al-Sharq Al-Awsat, "Israeli army burns more than 50 dunams of agricultural land in Quneitra, Syria"
- [7] TRT Global, "In Quneitra, Israeli incursions accelerate deforestation in the heart of Syria's green zone"
- [8] "Syrian media: Israeli occupation army deliberately sets fire to land near the occupied Golan Heights," TRT Global
- [9] Institute for National Security Studies, "Interactive Map: The Syrian Arena"

<u>Summary of Daily Israeli violations from February 1, 2025, to June 30, 2025:</u>

Sunday, February 9, 2025

-Media monitoring of Israeli occupation forces' operations outside the buffer zone between Syrian and Israeli forces. (Source: <u>Syrian TV</u>)

Monday, February 10, 2025

-Occupation forces seized a herd of livestock and beehives in the village of Al-Ma'ariya and prevented farmers from accessing their land. (Source: Syria TV)

Wednesday, February 12, 2025

-Israeli occupation forces stormed the village of Saida al-Golan. (Source: Syria TV)

Friday, February 14, 2025

-Israeli occupation forces stormed the village of Al-Rafid. (Source: Syria TV)

Saturday, February 15, 2025

-Occupation forces arrested shepherds near Rasm al-Za'arora in the Quneitra countryside. (Source: Nour Hasan, Journalist)

Sunday, February 16, 2025

-The Israeli occupation forces detained a team from the Syrian Red Crescent in Quneitra and later released them. (Source: Syria TV)

Monday, February 17, 2025

-The Israeli occupation forces advanced into the villages of Al-Asbah and Al-Asba in the Quneitra countryside. (Source: <u>Syria TV</u>)

Wednesday, February 19, 2025

-The Israeli occupation forces set up a permanent gate at the entrance to the nature reserve next to Jabata al-Khashab, with reports of a permanent military site being established inside the area. (Source: Nour Hasan, Journalist)

Tuesday, February 25, 2025

-The Israeli occupation forces advanced into the village of Al-Bakar in the Daraa countryside and the village of Izra in the Quneitra countryside. (Source: Syria TV)

Wednesday, February 26, 2025

- The Israeli occupation forces blew up the Al-Mujahid military site, next to the village of Tasil in the Daraa governorate, and bulldozed the trees in its vicinity. (Source: Syria TV)

Thursday, February 27, 2025

- The Israeli occupation forces stormed the Mashara military site and cut off the road connecting the town of Mashara and the town of Naba al-Sakher. (Source: Syria TV)

Tuesday, March 4, 2025

- The Israeli occupation forces forces stormed the villages of Umm Batina, Ruweihina, Tal al-Mal, Mashara, and al-Tayha. (Source: Syria TV 1; 2; 3; 4)

Wednesday, March 5, 2025

- The Israeli occupation forces stormed the villages of Suwayda, Al-Dawaya, and Bir Ajam. (Source: <u>Syria TV</u>)

Thursday, March 6, 2025

- The Israeli occupation forces set up a temporary checkpoint on the road between the towns of Oufania and Jabata al-Khashab. (Source: <u>Syria TV</u>)

Saturday, March 8, 2025

- The Israeli occupation forces stormed the Rasm al-Halabi area, raided the town of Jamla, and demolished houses there. (Sources from Syria TV: 1, 2)

Sunday, March 9, 2025

- The Israeli occupation forces stormed the village of Majdulia. (Source: Syria TV)

Monday, March 10, 2025

- The Israeli occupation forces stormed the village of Ma'laqa in the southern countryside of Quneitra. (Source: <u>Syria TV</u>)

Wednesday, March 19, 2025

- The Israeli occupation forces bulldozed the Abu Darwish military site in the Quneitra countryside. (Source: Syria TV)

Friday March 21, 2025

- The Israeli occupation forces stormed the village of Al-Asha and the Al-Rabia area, west of the village of Al-Rafid. (Source: <u>Al-Modon; Syria TV</u>)

Saturday, March 22, 2025

- The Israeli occupation forces arrested four people in the village of Umm al-Azam. (Source: Syria TV)

Sunday, March 23, 2025

- The Israeli occupation forces detained more than 450 sheep in the villages of Al-Rafid and Al-Asha. The flock was later released in coordination with UN forces. (Source: Al-Quds Al-Arabi)
- The Israeli occupation forces entered the village of Abu Tina al-Gharbi in the southern countryside of Quneitra, attempted to distribute aid, and searched residents' homes. (Source: Al-Quds Al-Arabi)

Tuesday, March 25, 2025

- The Israeli occupation forces targeted and killed seven people in the village of Koya in the western countryside of Daraa. They were identified as: Amin Salem Suleiman, Ayham Hayel al-Hamdan, Ali Muhammad al-Hanees, Louai al-Aqla, Jawdat Ali Suleiman, and Muhammad Qasim Muhsin. (Source: Syria TV, Al Jazeera)
- The Israeli occupation forces arrested a shepherd named Askar Atallah from the village of Al-Koya in the western countryside of Daraa and confiscated more than 125 of his sheep. (Source: Syria TV)

Thursday, March 27, 2025

- The Israeli occupation forces blew up military sites near the village of Kom Mahir, next to Khan Arnabah, and targeted a military post near the village of Al-Asha and a power station in the same area north of Tal Abu Qatif in Quneitra with artillery shells. (Source: Al-Quds Al-Arabi)

Saturday, March 29, 2025

- The Israeli occupation forces arrested eight people from the Koya village while they were working on their land. (Source: <u>Syria TV</u>)

Sunday, March 30, 2025

- The Israeli occupation forces announced an incursion into the peak of Mount Hermon and the confiscation of several weapons, including dozens of kilograms of explosives. (Source: Israeli Army)

Monday, March 31, 2025

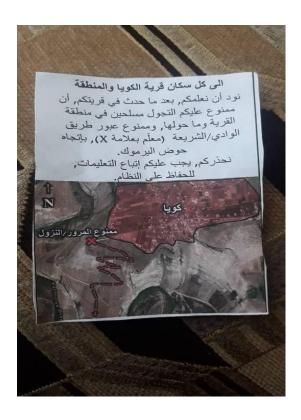
- The Israeli occupation forces turned the Al-Mantara Dam area into a closed military zone and prevented residents from entering it or approaching its vicinity. (Source: <u>Al-Modon</u>)
- The Israeli occupation forces stormed the town of Saida al-Golan in the western Daraa countryside. (Source: Nour Hasan, Journalist)
- The Israeli occupation forces set up a checkpoint in the village of Jabata al-Khashab. (Source: Nour Hasan, Journalist)

Wednesday, April 2, 2025

- The Israeli occupation forces shelled the outskirts of the city of Nawa in the Daraa countryside. (Source: Syria TV)
- The Israeli occupation forces stormed the Harash al-Jubayliya area and the Jubayliya Dam near the city of Nawa in Daraa. (Source: Syria TV)
- The Israeli occupation forces fired flares over the town of Koya in the Yarmouk Basin in the western Daraa countryside. (Source: <u>Syria TV</u>)

Thursday, April 4, 2025

- The Israeli occupation forces shelled the town of Nawa in the Daraa countryside, killing nine people in the town, including: Hisham Batah, Ali Riad Tayasna, Imran Muhammad Arar, Isa al-Saqr, Muhammad al-Batal, Qais al-Jundi, Abdullah Batah, Muhammad al-Rifai, and Bashar al-Tayasna. (Source: Al-Quds Al-Arabi)
- The Israeli occupation forces set up a temporary checkpoint in the town of Ruweihina. (Source: Nour Hasan, Journalist)
- The Israeli occupation forces dropped leaflets in the village of Koya, preventing residents from crossing the Wadi/Al-Sharia road towards the Yarmouk Basin. (Source: Syria TV)



Saturday, April 5, 2025

- The Israeli occupation forces targeted the area surrounding the Quneitra governorate building during a visit by some local dignitaries to the governor of Quneitra on Eid al-Fitr. (Source: Syria TV)
- The Israeli occupation forces confiscated more than 550 sheep in the southern countryside of Quneitra and took them to the occupied Golan Heights. (Source: Syria TV)
- The Israeli occupation forces carried out multiple raids in the Quneitra countryside and bulldozed agricultural land. (Source: <u>Al-Modon</u>)
- The Israeli occupation forces announced the seizure of numerous weapons in an old Syrian camp belonging to the former regime. (Source: Israeli Army)

Tuesday, April 8, 2025

- -Avichai Adrai, spokesman for the Israeli occupation army, published photos from inside the occupied Syrian territories after the fall of Bashar al-Assad's regime. (Source: Syria TV)
- The Israeli occupation forces advanced to Tal al-Sifr in the Quneitra countryside. (Source: Syria TV)
- The Israeli occupation forces detained two young men for several hours near Tal Ahmar in the Quneitra countryside (Source: Syria TV)

- The Israeli occupation forces stormed the villages of Khan Arnabah, Al-Koum, Ain Aisha, and the international road to the city of Al-Salam. (Source: Nour Hasan, Journalist)

Friday, April 11, 2025

- The Israeli occupation forces set up checkpoints on the Hader-Tarnja and Jabata al-Khashab roads and prevented residents from traveling on these roads. The closure lasted for more than 12 hours. (Source: <u>Syria TV</u>)

Saturday, April 12, 2025

-The Environmental Department in Quneitra issued a statement saying that the environmental damage caused to the Quneitra governorate by the occupation forces' incursion is estimated at more than \$103 million, following the occupation army's bulldozing of land, forests, and trees, as well as the construction of roads and military checkpoints. (Source: Syria TV)

Monday, April 14, 2025

- The Israeli occupation forces announced that they would continue their raids and searches for old camps and weapons belonging to the former Syrian regime. (Source: Israeli Army)

Wednesday, April 16, 2025

- The Israeli occupation forces stormed the village of Tarinja. (Source: <u>Nour Hasan</u>, <u>Journalist</u>)

Friday, April 18, 2025

- The Israeli occupation forces again stormed the village of Tarnja. (Source: <u>Nour Hasan</u>, <u>Journalist</u>)

Saturday, April 19, 2025

- The Israeli occupation forces set up a checkpoint near the village of Umm al-Azam in the western countryside of Daraa, searched residents, and confiscated several motorcycles before returning them. (Source: <u>Syria TV</u>)

Monday, April 21, 2025

- The Israeli occupation forces opened fire on shepherds near the village of Al-Hamidiyah in Quneitra. (Source: Syria TV)
- The Israeli occupation forces searched houses in the village of Al-Asha and prevented residents from moving around. Occupation forces also stormed the village of Al-Asbah in the Quneitra countryside. (Source: <u>Syria TV</u>)

Tuesday, April 22, 2025

- The Israeli occupation forces stormed the village of Al-Qahtaniya in the Quneitra countryside and broke into residents' homes. The forces also searched the only school in the village during school hours, spreading panic among the students. (Source: Syria TV)
- The Israeli occupation forces stormed the village of Al-Asha in Quneitra. (Source: <u>Syria</u> <u>TV</u>)

Thursday, April 24, 2025

- The Israeli occupation forces stormed the village of Oufania in the northern countryside of Quneitra and stationed itself on the road connecting the towns of Jabata al-Khashab and Oufania, on the outskirts of the village of Ain al-Bayda, and set up a temporary checkpoint. It searched passing cars, while firing flares in the vicinity of Jabata al-Khashab. (Source: Daraa 24)
- The Israeli occupation forces dropped warning leaflets addressed to livestock herders in the Quneitra countryside, prohibiting them from grazing near the barrel line, an imaginary line established by the occupation about 200-300 meters from the 1974 border strip inside the occupied Syrian territories after the fall of the former regime. (Source: Syria TV; Alaa Alhaji, Writer)



Friday, April 25, 2025

- The Israeli occupation forces stormed the village of Tarnja while dropping flares over the village and the nature reserve. (Source: Quneitra 24)
- The Israeli occupation forces posted warning signs warning residents not to approach the Mantara Dam in Quneitra. (Source: <u>Alaa Alhaji, Writer</u>)
- The Israeli occupation forces advanced on the Al-Kasarat road from the western side of the town of Jabata Al-Khashab. (Source: <u>Alaa Alhaji, Writer</u>)



Saturday, April 26, 2025

- The Israeli occupation forces assaulted a man who was walking with his family near the Mantara Dam in Quneitra. Although this is a tourist area with a local resort, the Israeli occupation has prevented civilians from approaching it. (Source: Syria TV)

Sunday, April 27, 2025

- The Israeli occupation forces stormed the village of Saida al-Hanout in the Daraa countryside. (Source: Nour Hasan, Journalist)

Monday, April 28, 2025

- The Israeli occupation forces blew up the former Syrian Army's 36th Regiment camp in Jandal Castle in Jabal al-Sheikh. (Source: Syria TV)
- -Occupation forces expanded the newly established base near the village of Hader, built a small helicopter landing pad, seized and bulldozed agricultural land, and prevented people from accessing it. (Source: Nour Hasan, Journalist)
- -The occupation forces arrested a shepherd in the village of Jabata al-Khashab and raided the villages of Jibatha al-Khashab, Tarnja, and al-Hurriya. (Source: Nour Hasan, Journalist)

Tuesday, April 29, 2025

- The Israeli occupation forces raided the Marj al-Shabraq road north of the village of al-Hurriya. (Source: Nour Hasan, Journalist).

Wednesday, April 30, 2025

- The Israeli occupation forces stormed Tal Okasha west of the town of Bareqa, directly adjacent to the border strip. (Source: Nour Hasan, Journalist)

Thursday, May 1, 2025

- The Israeli occupation forces seized land in the village of Hader and closed all roads leading to it. New installations were built between the villages of Qalaat Jandal and Baqasem. (Source: Alaa Alhaji, Writer)
- The Israeli occupation forces set up a checkpoint at the intersection between Qalaat Jandal, Beit Tima, and Baqasem in Jabal al-Sheikh. (Source: Nour Hasan, Journalist)

Sunday, May 4, 2025

- The Israeli occupation forces closed the roads leading to the villages of Jabal al-Sheikh for more than three consecutive days, citing sectarian violence in Syria as the basis for closure. (Source: <u>Alaa Alhaji, Writer</u>)

Monday, May 5, 2025

- The Israeli occupation forces announced the bombing of a camp belonging to the former Syrian regime. (Source: <u>Israeli Army</u>)

Tuesday, May 6, 2025

- The Israeli occupation forces put up a warning sign in the village of Al-Rafid, warning residents not to approach what they called the "barrel line" and preventing residents from accessing their land. According to eyewitnesses, UN forces were present when the sign was put up. (Sources: Al-Quneitra 24; Alaa Alhaji, Writer)



Wednesday, May 7, 2025

-Forces belonging to the Israeli Border Guard, affiliated with the Israeli occupation police, operated in the village of Hader and inside Syrian territory. (Source: Israeli Channel 24)

Thursday, May 8, 2025

- The Israeli occupation forces arrested a shepherd in the southern countryside of Quneitra, from the border town of Saida. (Source: Syria TV)

Sunday, May 11, 2025

- The Israeli occupation forces fired on a flock of sheep inside Syrian territory, killing between 10 and 12 of them, near Wadi al-Ruqqad on the outskirts of the village of Jamla in the western Daraa countryside (Yarmouk Basin). (Source: Syria TV)
- The Israeli occupation forces announced the transfer of numerous troops from the Syrian border to the Gaza border. (Source: <u>Israeli Army</u>).
- The Israeli occupation forces announced the recovery of the remains of an Israeli soldier from Syria who was killed in the Battle of Sultan Yaqub in 1982. (Source: Israeli Army)

Monday, May 12, 2025

- The Israeli occupation forces arrested a former leader of the opposition factions, named Muhammad Marwan Qurei, and confiscated communication devices. They also arrested his wife and son. (Source: Syria TV)

Wednesday, May 14, 2025

- The Israeli occupation forces fired from the western red hill toward the solar panels of the water well near the base, putting it out of service. The well supplies several villages in the buffer zone, particularly the village of Kodna. (Source: <u>Kodna Today</u>)

Thursday, May 15, 2025

- The Israeli occupation forces started a fire in Tal al-Ahmar al-Gharbi, opposite the town of Kodna, and the flames spread until they reached the village's fruit orchards, causing significant damage. The occupation forces prevented the villagers from reaching the site to extinguish the fire and expelled shepherds and farmers from the area. The fire reached the solar panels that operate the irrigation wells and supply the village with drinking water, destroying them. (Source: Kodna Today; Kodna Today; Syria TV)

Friday, May 16, 2025

- The Israeli occupation forces stormed the town of Kodna, set up a temporary checkpoint, and searched the residents. (Source: <u>Syria TV</u>)

Sunday, May 18, 2025

- The Israeli occupation forces stormed Tal Krum Jaba and informed residents that a curfew would be imposed on the hill after 8 p.m. (Source: Syria TV)

Monday, May 19, 2025

- The Israeli occupation forces stormed the town of Rasm al-Halabi in the Quneitra countryside. (Source: Syria TV)
- The Israeli occupation forces stormed Al-Fateyan farms near the town of Kodna and searched citizens' homes. (Source: <u>Kodna Today</u>)

Tuesday, May 20, 2025

- The Israeli occupation forces set up checkpoints at the entrances to the town of Bareqa and raided and searched the youth residence near the town. (Source: <u>Syria TV</u>)

Wednesday, May 21, 2025

- The Israeli occupation forces assaulted journalists in the vicinity of the village of Kodna and fired shots at them without causing any injuries. (Source: Quneitra Media Union)
- The Israeli occupation forces stormed the intersection of the town of Al-Hamidiyah and the village of Al-Samadaniyah Al-Gharbiya. (Source: <u>Nour Hasan, Journalist</u>)

Thursday, May 22, 2025

- The Israeli occupation forces stormed the Al-Mashida farm and the Al-Dara'iyat camp, west of the village of Al-Ma'laqa. (Source: <u>Syrian TV</u>)
- The Israeli occupation forces raided the Ain al-Bayda and Jabata al-Khashab road and searched civilians in the area. (Source: <u>Syria TV</u>)

Friday, May 23, 2025

- The Israeli occupation forces stormed the village of Umm Batina in the central Quneitra countryside and searched the military camp belonging to the former regime in the vicinity of the village. (Source: Nour Hasan, Journalist)
- The Israeli occupation forces stormed the village of Ain Ziwan in the southern countryside of Quneitra. (Source: Nour Hasan, Journalist)

Saturday, May 24, 2025

- The Israeli occupation forces stormed the town of Al-Samadaniyah Al-Sharqiya in the central Quneitra countryside (Source: <u>Syria TV</u>)
- The Israeli occupation forces arrested two people from the town of Al-Samadaniyah. (Source: Syria TV)

- The Israeli occupation forces stormed the town of Ruweihina and targeted a herd of livestock, killing 15 sheep (Source: Nour Hasan, Journalist)
- The Israeli occupation forces seized a water well in Ain al-Tina near the village of Hadar and prevented residents from accessing their land along the border with Majdal Shams. (Source: Syria TV)

Sunday, May 25, 2025

- The Israeli occupation forces stormed the city of Al-Salam (formerly Al-Baath) from the west and the town of Al-Samadaniyah from the west. (Source: <u>Lebanese Cities</u>, <u>Syrian TV</u>, <u>Syrian TV</u>)
- -A journalist in Quneitra reported that occupation forces threatened and assaulted him while he was working in the city of Al-Salam in Quneitra following its storming by the Israeli occupation. (Source: <u>Journalist Nour Hassan</u>)
- The Israeli occupation forces arrested Abdul Karim Ali Shehadeh, a young man from the town of Sultana in the northern countryside of Daraa. He was doing agricultural work in the village of Al-Samadaniyah in the countryside of Quneitra, and was arrested after the occupation forces destroyed his family's crops. (Source: Syria TV)

Monday, May 26, 2025

- The Israeli occupation forces stormed the Ruweihina Dam and the Rasm al-Halabi camp in the central Quneitra countryside, near the town of Umm Batina. (Source: Nour Hasan, Journalist)

Tuesday, May 27, 2025

- The Israeli occupation forces seized a herd of cows and took them to the occupied Golan Heights near the village of Al-Rafid). (Source: Al-Rafid Today)

Wednesday, May 28, 2025

- The Israeli occupation forces instructed residents of Jabata al-Khashab and some houses in the pine forest next to it to leave the area because, in a week's time, they would be bulldozing part of the forest and uprooting the trees. (Source: <u>Alaa Alhaji, Writer</u>)
- The Israeli occupation forces announced the establishment of a field hospital near the village of Hader, where more than 500 Syrian citizens were treated. (Source: Israeli Army)

Thursday, May 29, 2025

- The Israeli occupation forces stormed the road between the towns of Jamla and Saysoun in the Daraa countryside. (Source: <u>Alaa Alhaji, Writer</u>)

Friday, May 30, 2025

- The Israeli occupation forces stormed the village of Ruweihina in the central Quneitra countryside and searched passersby. After their arrival, the forces clashed with people by the Ruweihina Dam who removed an Israeli flag from the Israeli patrol in response to soldiers' attempts to expel people from the area. (Source: Alaa Alhaji, Writer)

Saturday, May 31, 2025

- The Israeli occupation forces set up a temporary checkpoint between the towns of Jaba and Khan Arnabah and searched residents. (Source: Alaa Alhaji, Writer)
- The Israeli occupation forces raided the village of Al-Mashirfa and searched residents and their mobile devices. (Source: <u>Alaa Alhaji, Writer</u>)

Sunday, June 1, 2025

- The Israeli occupation forces announced the confiscation of rockets and mines from unspecified areas in southern Syria. (Source: Israeli Army)

Monday, June 2, 2025

- The Israeli occupation forces raided the village of Ma'riya in the western Daraa countryside and searched residents' homes. (Sources: Syria TV; Daraa 24)
- The Israeli occupation forces raided the village of Al-Mashirfa in the Quneitra countryside, set up a checkpoint, and insisted on searching residents' phones. (Source: Syria TV)

Tuesday, June 3, 2025

-Rockets were fired from Daraa toward the occupied Golan Heights, setting off sirens, and Israeli occupation forces responded with artillery attacks and air strikes. (Source: Syria TV)

Wednesday, June 4, 2025

- The Israeli occupation forces detained a BBC crew, arrested journalists, and wiped data from their devices. (Source: Syria TV)

- The Israeli occupation forces stormed the village of Jabata al-Khashab and searched residents' homes (Source: Alaa Alhaji, Writer)
- The Israeli occupation forces stormed the village of Ain Ziwan and searched residents' homes (source: Alaa Alhaji, Writer)
- The Israeli occupation forces targeted the outskirts of the village of Bareqa with artillery attacks (Source: Alaa Alhaji, Writer)
- The Israeli occupation forces stormed the village of Majdulia (Source: <u>Nour Hasan</u>, <u>Journalist</u>)

Friday, June 6, 2025

- The Israeli occupation forces stormed the village of Abu Qubais and searched residents' homes. (Source: Nour Hasan, Journalist)

Saturday, June 7, 2025

- The Israeli occupation forces stormed the vicinity of the villages of Khan Arnabah and Jaba. (Source: Alaa Alhaji, Writer)
- The Israeli occupation forces raided the village of Ruweihina. (Source: Alaa Alhaji, Writer)
- The Israeli occupation forces set up a checkpoint in the town of Bir Ajam. (Source: Nour Hasan, Journalist)

Sunday, June 8, 2025

- The Israeli occupation forces bulldozed the Jabata forest, known as the Shahar forest or the Pine forest. (Source: <u>Alaa Alhaji, Writer</u>)
- The Israeli occupation forces stormed the village of Al-Rafid. (Source: <u>Nour Hasan</u>, <u>Journalist</u>)
- The Israeli occupation forces bulldozed trees near the border strip and confiscated a large flock of sheep, amounting to about 200 sheep. (Source: <u>Syria TV</u>)

Monday, June 9, 2025

- The Israeli occupation forces stormed the village of Al-Manshiyah and arrested two people. (Source: Alaa Alhaji, Writer)

Tuesday, June 10, 2025

- The Israeli occupation forces raided the villages of Al-Mashirfa, Umm Al-Azam, and Al-Rafid and searched passersby and cars. (Source: Nour Hasan, Journalist)

- The Israeli occupation forces continued to bulldoze and destroy the Jabata forest. (Source: Syrian TV)

Wednesday, June 11, 2025

- The Israeli occupation forces set up a temporary checkpoint between the villages of Oufania and Khan Arnabah and searched passersby and cars. (Source: <u>Alaa Alhaji</u>, <u>Writer</u>)
- The Israeli occupation forces stormed the village of Al-Qahtaniya and declared a curfew in the area. (Source: Syria TV)
- The Israeli occupation forces arrested three sanitation workers in the city of Quneitra near the Al-Alam roundabout and released them hours after their arrest. One of the workers was taken to hospital after his release due to dehydration and heatstroke after spending hours in the sun and being beaten by Israeli officers. (Sources: Alaa Alhaji, Writer; Nour Hasan, Journalist)

Thursday, June 12, 2025

- The Israeli occupation forces stormed the town of Beit Jann, arrested seven people, and killed a young man in the town. (Source: <u>Syria TV</u>)
- The Israeli occupation forces stormed the village of Bareqa in the Quneitra countryside. (Source: Alaa Alhaji, Writer)

Friday, June 13, 2025

- The Israeli occupation forces intercepted several drones and missiles over the towns of Quneitra and Daraa, and remainants of said missiles and drones fell on people's homes and property. Fires were reported as a result of these interceptions, with no injuries reported. (Source: Syria TV)

Saturday, June 14, 2025

- The Israeli occupation forces stormed an area between the towns of Jaba and Khan Arnabah (Source: Alaa Alhaji, Writer)
- The Israeli occupation forces stormed a school in the village of Kodna, fired indiscriminately, and assaulted several students, including one who fainted as a result of the assault. They then searched houses in the village and arrested two young men. (Sources: Alaa Alhaji, Writer 1; 2)
- The Israeli occupation forces stormed the town of Jaba and searched residents' homes. (Source: Syria TV)

Sunday, June 15, 2025

- The Israeli occupation forces stormed the village of Al-Hurriya in the Quneitra countryside. (Source: Alaa Alhaji, Writer)

Monday, June 16, 2025

- The Israeli occupation forces demolished 15 houses in the village of Al-Hamidiyah in the countryside of Quneitra, adjacent to the border strip. (Sources: <u>Syria TV</u>; <u>Syria TV</u>; <u>Quneitra Media Center</u>)
- The Israeli occupation forces raided the village of Al-Samadaniyah, searched residents' homes, and arrested two young men who were later released. (Source: Media personality Alaa Al-Hajji)

Tuesday, June 17, 2025

- The Israeli occupation forces stormed the village of Tarnja, invaded houses, and arrested one person from the village. (Source: Alaa Alhaji, Writer)
- The Israeli occupation forces stormed the area surrounding the al-Mantara Dam and closed the roads leading to the eastern side of the dam. (Source: Quneitra Media Center)
- The Israeli occupation forces stormed the villages of Al-Samadaniyah Al-Sharqiya and Al-Ajraf. (Source: Quneitra Media Center)

Wednesday, June 18, 2025

- The Israeli occupation forces bulldozed about 500 dunams in Harash al-Shahar near the village of Jabata al-Khashab. (Source: <u>Syria TV</u>, <u>Syria TV</u>)
- The Israeli occupation forces stormed the Al-Bahouz road, west of the town of Mashara and south of the town of Jaba. (Source: Syria TV)
- The Israeli occupation forces stormed the villages of Rasm Khawald and Mashara in Quneitra. (Source: Syria TV)
- The Israeli occupation forces set up a checkpoint on the Jaba Umm Batina road (Source: Syria TV)
- The Israeli occupation forces stormed the villages of Al-Samadaniyah Al-Gharbiya, Al-Asbah, Al-Mashirfa, Al-Samadaniyah Al-Sharqiya, Al-Ajraf, and Jaba. One of the abandoned camps in the Al-Hissan area south of the village of Jaba was searched. (Source: Media personality Alaa Al-Hajji)
- The Israeli occupation forces dropped leaflets prohibiting residents from using drones in the Quneitra governorate.



Thursday, June 19, 2025

- The Israeli occupation forces stormed the village of Jabata al-Khashab (Source: <u>Syria TV</u> 1; 2)
- -Wild fires broke out in Quneitra and Daraa after the Israeli occupation army shot down drones and missiles in the sky above the area (Source: <u>Al-Quds Al-Arabi</u>; <u>Omar Al-Hariri</u>, <u>Journalist</u>)
- The Israeli occupation forces stormed the village of Ma'laqa. (Source: Alaa Alhaji, Writer)

Friday, June 20, 2025

- The Israeli occupation forces stormed the village of Al-Hurriya and closed its roads. (Source: Syria TV)
- The Israeli occupation forces stormed the villages of Al-Samadaniyah Al-Sharqiya and Al-Samadaniyah Al-Gharbiya and searched houses. (Source: <u>Syria TV</u>)

Saturday, June 21, 2025

- The Israeli occupation forces stormed the village of Al-Asha and searched houses. (Source: <u>Syria TV</u>, <u>Alaa Alhaji, Writer</u>)

Sunday, June 22, 2025

- The Israeli occupation forces raided the village of Al-Samadaniyah and searched a number of houses. (Source: Alaa Alhaji, Writer)

Monday, June 23, 2025

- The Israeli occupation forces stormed the camp grounds in Tal al-Dara'iyat near the village of al-Ma'laqa (Source: <u>Alaa Alhaji, Writer</u>)

- The Israeli occupation forces stormed the village of Ruweihina and searched civilian homes (Source: Alaa Alhaji, Writer)

Tuesday, June 24, 2025

- The Israeli occupation forces stormed the town of Jabata al-Khashab (Source: Syria TV)
- The Israeli occupation forces stormed the village of Tarnja and arrested young men from the village (Source: Syria TV)

Wednesday, June 25, 2025

- The Israeli occupation forces searched stone quarries in the villages of Jabata al-Khashab and Khan Arnabah (Source: <u>Syria TV</u>)

Thursday, June 26, 2025

- The Israeli occupation forces raided the village of Bir Ajam (Source: Alaa Alhaji, Writer)
- The Israeli occupation forces resumed activity at the infirmary in the village of Al-Hamidiyah, which was recently evacuated. (Source: <u>Alaa Alhaji, Writer</u>).

Friday, June 27, 2025

- The Israeli occupation forces stormed the village of Ain al-Bayda and searched residents (Source: Alaa Alhaji, Writer)

Saturday, June 28, 2025

- The Israeli occupation forces raided the village of Ruweihina and searched residents' homes. (Source: <u>Syria TV</u>)
- The Israeli occupation forces stormed the villages of Kodna, al-Mazraa, and Saida al-Golan (Source: <u>Syria TV</u>)

Sunday, June 29, 2025

- The Israeli occupation forces shot two young men from the village of Saysoun in the Daraa countryside and arrested them after they sustained moderate injuries. (Source: Omar al-Hariri, Syria TV)
- The Israeli occupation forces announced that it had entered the Daraa countryside and arrested individuals "suspected of involvement in terrorism," according to an army statement. (Source: Israeli Army)

Monday, June 30, 2025

- The Israeli occupation forces stormed the area surrounding the governorate building in the city of Al-Salam in Quneitra. (Source: <u>Alaa Alhaji, Writer</u>)
- The Israeli occupation forces stormed the village of Ruweihina in the central countryside of Quneitra and searched homes. (Source: <u>Alaa Alhaji, Writer</u>)

Summary and Recommendations

Based on field documentation and legal analysis in accordance with the Geneva and Hague Conventions, this report shows that the Israeli occupation has committed grave and systematic violations in the Syrian areas it occupied after the fall of the Assad regime on December 8, 2024. These violations include extrajudicial killings, demolition of homes, destruction of civilian property, destruction of crops, confiscation of natural resources, and targeting of infrastructure and the environment. These acts constitute clear violations of international humanitarian law and, in some cases, may amount to war crimes under international law. These violations are also recorded in the context of an ongoing military occupation, which is subject to the rules set out in the Fourth Geneva Convention of 1949 and requires urgent action by the international community to ensure the protection of civilians.

The following are a set of recommendations to UN and international human rights bodies, the Syrian transitional government, the Israeli occupation army, and third parties:

First: To the United Nations and International Human Rights Bodies

- Open an independent and urgent investigation into violations committed in the occupied region of southern Syria, particularly killings and home demolitions, through the mechanisms of the Human Rights Council or the Office of the United Nations High Commissioner for Human Rights.
- 2. Activate Urgent Actions in the United Nations Special Procedures, particularly the rapporteurs concerned with the right to life, housing, food, and water.
- 3. Exert political and legal pressure on Israel as an occupying power to ensure its full compliance with international humanitarian law and to stop its aggressive practices against the local population.
- 4. Provide support and protection to medical personnel, human rights defenders, and journalists working in the region, and ensure their safe access to perform their work.

Second: To the Interim Syrian Government (in the Absence of a Legitimate Body Representing the Syrian people)

- 1. Fulfill its responsibilities towards its citizens in areas occupied by Israeli forces, including providing them with humanitarian and economic support.
- 2. Systematically and institutionally document all Israeli violations within a national framework and build a reliable database of victims with the aim of preserving their

- rights in future accountability proceedings against the perpetrators of these violations.
- 3. Accede to the Rome Statute and the International Criminal Court, and refer violations to international judicial bodies.
- 4. Strengthen cooperation with international and national human rights organizations and enable monitoring and documentation teams to work freely in areas adjacent to the occupation.
- 5. Working through international diplomacy and UN missions to expose Israeli violations and rally political and legal support for this cause.

Third: To the Israeli Occupation Forces (as an Occupying Power Under the 1949 Geneva Conventions)

- 1. Immediately and unconditionally comply with the provisions of international humanitarian law, in particular the Fourth Geneva Convention of 1949, to ensure the protection of the civilian population.
- 2. Cease all acts of aggression and violations against the civilian population, including killings, demolitions, curfews, confiscation of property, destruction of crops, and cutting off water supplies.
- 3. Open an independent and transparent internal investigation into the events documented in this report and hold those responsible to account.
- 4. Facilitate the work of international and Syrian human rights organizations, particularly the International Committee of the Red Cross, and enable them to enter occupied areas to assess the humanitarian situation.

Fourth: To third parties (states and international human rights organizations)

- 1. Exercise political and diplomatic pressure on Israel as an occupying power, through the Security Council and the General Assembly of the United Nations, to stop violations committed against civilians in southern Syria and compel compliance with its international obligations.
- 2. Activate the principle of universal jurisdiction by member states of the Geneva Conventions to prosecute individuals responsible for war crimes and serious violations of international humanitarian law in the occupied Syrian territories.
- 3. Provide technical and logistical support to Syrian civil society organizations working to document violations, including digital protection tools, legal training, and internationally recognized documentation mechanisms.
- 4. Include the situation in southern Syria in international monitoring reports and mechanisms such as Human Rights Council reports, the International

- Commission of Inquiry on Syria, and reports by relevant special rapporteurs on human rights.
- 5. Provide urgent humanitarian assistance to affected areas, in coordination with Syrian relief organizations, to ensure access to water, food, and basic services for civilians affected by the occupation.